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연습 문제

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1년간 무료 업데이트 제공

Exam : Salesforce Certified MuleSoft
Integration Foundations

Title : Salesforce Certified
MuleSoft Integration
Foundations

Version : DEMO

1. In preparation for a digital transformation initiative an organization is reviewing related IT integration projects that failed for various reasons.

According to MuleSoft's surveys of global IT leaders, what is a common cause of IT project failure that this organization may likely discover in its assessment?

- A. Lack of alignment around business outcomes
- B. Reliance on an Integration-Platform-as-a-Service (iPaaS)
- C. Following an Agile delivery methodology
- D. Spending too much time on enablement

Answer: A

Explanation:

One common cause of IT project failure identified by MuleSoft's surveys of global IT leaders is the lack of alignment around business outcomes.

Here's a detailed explanation:

- **Lack of Alignment:**

Definition: This occurs when IT projects are not clearly linked to the organization's strategic goals and business objectives.

Impact: Misalignment can lead to projects that do not deliver the intended business value, resulting in wasted resources and failed initiatives.

- **Common Causes:**

Poor Communication: Lack of effective communication between business stakeholders and IT teams can lead to misunderstandings and misaligned priorities.

Undefined Objectives: Projects without clearly defined business outcomes and success metrics struggle to demonstrate value and justify investments.

- **Solution:**

Business-IT Collaboration: Foster strong collaboration between business and IT to ensure projects are aligned with strategic goals.

Outcome-Focused Planning: Define clear business outcomes and success criteria at the outset of each project

Reference:

- MuleSoft Surveys: State of IT Digital Transformation
- Causes of IT Project Failure: Common Reasons for Project Failure

2. An organization's IT team must secure all of the internal APIs within an integration solution by using an API proxy to apply required authentication and authorization policies

Which integration technology, when used for its intended purpose should the team choose to meet these requirements if all other relevant factors are equal?

- A. Integration Platform-as-a-Service (iPaaS)
- B. API Management (APIM)
- C. Robotic Process Automation (RPA)
- D. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)

Answer: B

Explanation:

Securing internal APIs within an integration solution is critical for protecting sensitive data and ensuring proper access controls. The use of API proxies to apply authentication and authorization policies is a

best practice in API security.

Here's a detailed explanation:

- **API Management (APIM):**

Purpose: API Management platforms are designed specifically to manage, secure, and monitor APIs. They provide tools for designing, publishing, securing, and analyzing APIs.

- **Key Features:**

Security: APIM platforms offer robust security features such as OAuth, JWT, API keys, and IP whitelisting to authenticate and authorize API consumers.

API Proxies: They allow the creation of API proxies which act as intermediaries between the client and the backend service. This enables enforcing security policies without modifying the backend API.

- **Implementation:**

Authentication and Authorization Policies: Using APIM, the IT team can easily configure policies for authentication (e.g., OAuth 2.0) and authorization to control access to APIs.

Policy Enforcement: These policies are enforced at the API proxy level, ensuring that only authenticated and authorized requests reach the backend services.

Monitoring and Analytics: APIM platforms provide detailed analytics and monitoring capabilities to track API usage, detect anomalies, and ensure compliance.

Reference:

- MuleSoft Documentation: API Security
- API Management Overview: What is API Management

3. An organization needs to procure an enterprise software system to increase cross-selling opportunities and better track prospect data.

Which category of enterprise software has these core capabilities, when used for its typical and intended purpose?

- A. IT Service Management (ITSM)
- B. Supply Chain Management (SCM)
- C. Customer Relationship Management (CRM)
- D. Business-to-Business (B2B)

Answer: C

Explanation:

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) systems are designed to manage an organization's interactions with current and potential customers.

Here's a detailed explanation:

- **Core Capabilities:**

- **Typical Use:**

Reference:

- CRM Overview: What is CRM?
- Benefits of CRM: Why CRM Matters

4. Which role is primarily responsible for building API implementations as part of a typical MuleSoft integration project?

- A. API Developer
- B. API Designer

- C. Operations
- D. Integration Architect

Answer: A

Explanation:

In a typical MuleSoft integration project, the role of building API implementations is primarily assigned to an API Developer.

Here's a detailed explanation:

- **API Developer:**

Responsibilities: Focuses on implementing the technical aspects of APIs, including coding, testing, and deploying API endpoints.

Skills: Requires proficiency in MuleSoft Anypoint Platform, MuleSoft connectors, and API development best practices.

- **Typical Tasks:**

API Implementation: Writing code to implement API logic and data processing.

Integration: Connecting APIs to backend systems, databases, and external services.

Testing: Developing and executing unit and integration tests to ensure API functionality and reliability.

Reference:

- MuleSoft Role Descriptions: API Developer
- API Development Lifecycle: Building APIs

5.Which component of AnypointPlatform belongs to the platform control plane"?

- A. Runtime Replica
- B. Anypoint Connectors
- C. API Manager
- D. Runtime Fabric

Answer: C

Explanation:

In Anypoint Platform, the control plane is responsible for managing and controlling the various components and services that make up the platform. API Manager is part of the control plane, providing centralized management of APIs.

Here's a detailed explanation:

- **Control Plane:**

- **API Manager:**

Reference:

- MuleSoft Documentation: API Manager
- Anypoint Platform Overview: Anypoint Platform